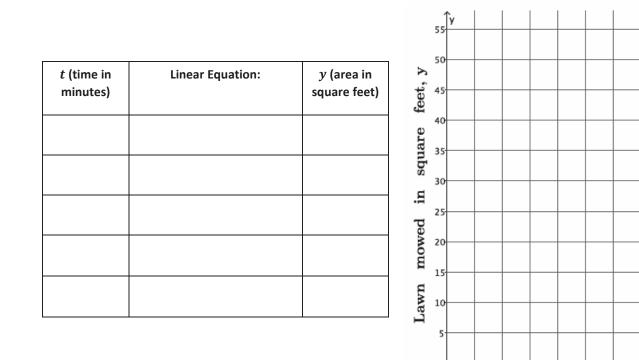
# Lesson 11: Constant Rate

Classwork

Example 1

Pauline mows a lawn at a constant rate. Suppose she mows a 35-square-foot lawn in 2.5 minutes. What area, in square feet, can she mow in 10 minutes? *t* minutes?



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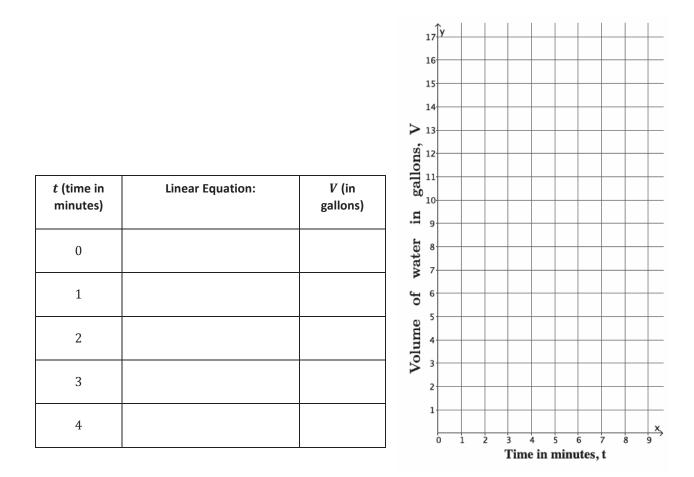
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## Example 2

Water flows at a constant rate out of a faucet. Suppose the volume of water that comes out in three minutes is 10.5 gallons. How many gallons of water come out of the faucet in t minutes?

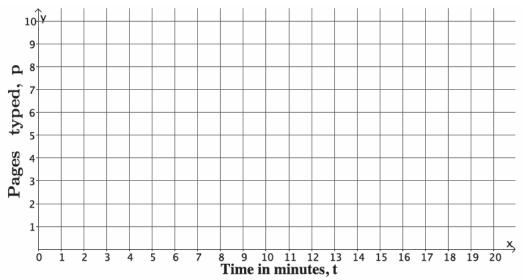


#### Exercises

- 1. Juan types at a constant rate. He can type a full page of text in  $3\frac{1}{2}$  minutes. We want to know how many pages, p, Juan can type after t minutes.
  - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of pages Juan types in any given time interval.
  - b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator, and round your answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear Equation:	p (pages typed)
0		
5		
10		
15		
20		

c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.





Lesson 11: Constant Rate

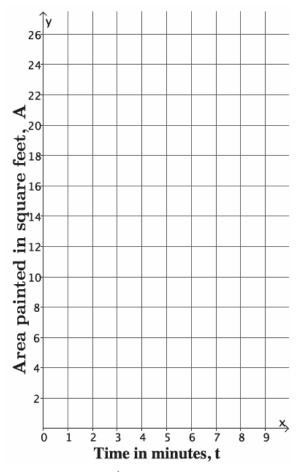
d. About how long would it take Juan to type a 5-page paper? Explain.

- 2. Emily paints at a constant rate. She can paint 32 square feet in 5 minutes. What area, *A*, in square feet, can she paint in *t* minutes?
  - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of square feet Emily can paint in any given time interval.

<i>t</i> (time in minutes)	Linear Equation:	A (area painted in square feet)
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		

b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator, and round answers to the tenths place.

c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



d. About how many square feet can Emily paint in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  minutes? Explain.

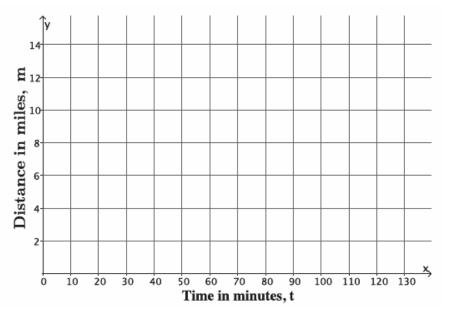
- 3. Joseph walks at a constant speed. He walked to a store that is one-half mile away in 6 minutes. How many miles, *m*, can he walk in *t* minutes?
  - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of miles Joseph can walk in any given time interval, *t*.



t (time in minutes)	Linear Equation:	m (distance in miles)
0		
30		
60		
90		
120		

b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator, and round answers to the tenths place.

c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



d. Joseph's friend lives 4 miles away from him. About how long would it take Joseph to walk to his friend's house? Explain.



#### Lesson Summary

When constant rate is stated for a given problem, then you can express the situation as a two-variable equation. The equation can be used to complete a table of values that can then be graphed on a coordinate plane.

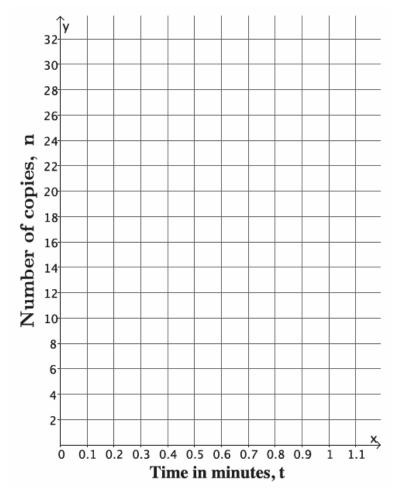
### **Problem Set**

- 1. A train travels at a constant rate of 45 miles per hour.
  - a. What is the distance, *d*, in miles, that the train travels in *t* hours?
  - b. How many miles will it travel in 2.5 hours?
- 2. Water is leaking from a faucet at a constant rate of  $\frac{1}{3}$  gallon per minute.
  - a. What is the amount of water, w, in gallons per minute, that is leaked from the faucet after t minutes?
  - b. How much water is leaked after an hour?
- 3. A car can be assembled on an assembly line in 6 hours. Assume that the cars are assembled at a constant rate.
  - a. How many cars, *y*, can be assembled in *t* hours?
  - b. How many cars can be assembled in a week?
- 4. A copy machine makes copies at a constant rate. The machine can make 80 copies in  $2\frac{1}{2}$  minutes.
  - a. Write an equation to represent the number of copies, *n*, that can be made over any time interval in minutes, *t*.
  - b. Complete the table below.

t (time in minutes)	Linear Equation:	n (number of copies)
0		
0.25		
0.5		
0.75		
1		



c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



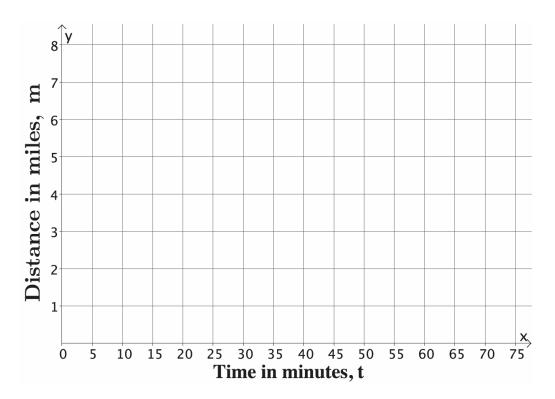
d. The copy machine runs for 20 seconds and then jams. About how many copies were made before the jam occurred? Explain.



- 5. Connor runs at a constant rate. It takes him 34 minutes to run 4 miles.
  - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of miles Connor can run in any given time interval in minutes, *t*.
  - b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator, and round answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear Equation:	m (distance in miles)
0		
15		
30		
45		
60		

c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



d. Connor ran for 40 minutes before tripping and spraining his ankle. About how many miles did he run before he had to stop? Explain.

